

21.—Naturalizations in Canada, by Principal Nationalities, effected under the Naturalization Acts, 1914 and 1920, during the calendar years 1918-1926—concluded.

Nationalities.	1918.	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1923.	1924.	1925.	1926.
Persians.....	-	-	3	4	-	1	4	5	3
Persians (Armenian).....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Poles.....	-	58	1,194	1,939	1,068	654	926	749	1,339
Poles (Russian).....	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
Poles (Ukrainian).....	-	-	7	287	302	12	-	-	-
Portuguese.....	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	1	1
Re-Admission.....	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rumanians.....	6	55	384	873	585	475	620	561	626
Russians.....	9	687	1,303	2,027	1,715	1,206	1,240	989	1,119
Serb-Croat-Slovenes.....	-	-	22	123	99	80	119	117	116
Serbians.....	3	3	24	4	3	-	-	-	-
Spaniards.....	3	4	5	3	8	-	10	8	12
Subjects of Allied Powers.....	-	-	26	77	120	188	-	-	-
Swedes.....	37	236	384	437	276	228	284	262	274
Swiss.....	10	39	51	69	49	43	42	48	31
Turks.....	-	-	2	10	7	5	22	25	10
Turks (Armenian).....	-	1	39	67	86	79	69	35	35
Turks (Assyrian).....	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	-
Turks (Bulgarian).....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Turks (Greek).....	-	-	3	15	7	7	2	12	11
Turks (Macedonian).....	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Turks (Mesopotamian).....	-	-	4	2	5	2	-	1	-
Turks (Palestinian).....	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	1	-
Turks (Syrian).....	-	11	79	134	136	125	137	118	128
Venezuelans.....	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Section 4 <sup>1</sup> .....	-	-	2	3	-	2	2	1	3
Section 11, s.3. (c), c. 33, Nat. Act, 1919 <sup>2</sup> .....	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>2,051</b>	<b>8,776</b>	<b>11,098</b>	<b>8,544</b>	<b>6,795</b>	<b>8,843</b>	<b>7,873</b>	<b>9,130</b>

<sup>1</sup>Under Section 4 of the Naturalization Act the Secretary of State is authorized in his discretion to grant a special certificate of naturalization to any person with regard to whose nationality as a British subject a doubt exists.

<sup>2</sup>Resumption of British nationality by wife of alien being a subject of state at war with His Majesty.

**Canada Temperance Act.**—Under Parts I and II of this Act, provision is made for the prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquors in counties and cities. No votes, however, have been taken since July 31, 1923, the date of the plebiscite in the county of Stanstead, Quebec. Part III of the Act relates to penalties and prosecutions, while Part IV relates to the prohibition of the importation and exportation of intoxicating liquors into and from the provinces. All the provinces except Quebec and British Columbia have carried plebiscites in favour of the prohibition of importation of liquors. Exportation is prohibited from the provinces of New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island, Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan.

### 3.—Royal Canadian Mounted Police.

The Royal Canadian Mounted Police (formerly the Royal Northwest Mounted Police) are distributed throughout the Dominion, with headquarters at Ottawa. The year ended Sept. 30, 1927, was characterized by a slight increase in numbers, by an increase in work performed, and by an extension of the operations of the Force in the Far North. The Force is a Dominion constabulary, whose duties, owing to the fact that the provinces are responsible for the enforcement of law and maintenance of order, are somewhat different from those of most police forces. They fall under the following general headings:—(1) The enforcement of Dominion statutes; (2) The enforcement of the Criminal Code in the Northwest Territories (including the Arctic), the Yukon, the national parks and Indian reserves, and also when Dominion Departments are the aggrieved parties; (3) the enforcement (by